

International Centre for Global Earth Models (ICGEM)

<http://icgem.gfz-potsdam.de/ICGEM/>

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Overview

The International Centre for Global Earth Models is mainly a web based service and comprehends:

- collecting and long-term archiving of existing global gravity field models
- making them available on the web in a standardised format (self-explanatory)
- interactive visualisation of the models (geoid undulations and gravity anomalies)
- solutions from dedicated time periods (e.g. monthly GRACE models) are included
- animated visualization of monthly GRACE models
- web-interface to calculate gravity functionals from the spherical harmonic models on freely selectable grids (filtering included)
- theory and formulas of the calculation service in STR09/02 (downloadable)
- managing the ICGEM web-based discussion forum (answering questions)
- evaluation of the models
- visualisation of surface spherical harmonics as tutorial

Services

The Models

Currently, 106 models are listed with their references and 92 of them are available in form of spherical harmonic coefficients. If available, the link to the original model web site has been added. Models from dedicated time periods (e.g. monthly solutions from GRACE) of CSR, JPL, CNES/GRGS and GFZ are also available.

The Format

The spherical harmonic coefficients are available in a standardised self-explanatory format which has been accepted by ESA as the official format for the GOCE project.

The Visualisation

An online interactive visualisation of the models (height anomalies and gravity anomalies) as illuminated projection on a freely rotatable sphere is available. Monthly solutions from GRACE are included. Differences of two models, arbitrary degree windows, zooming in and out, are possible. The visualisation of single spherical harmonics is possible for tutorial purposes.

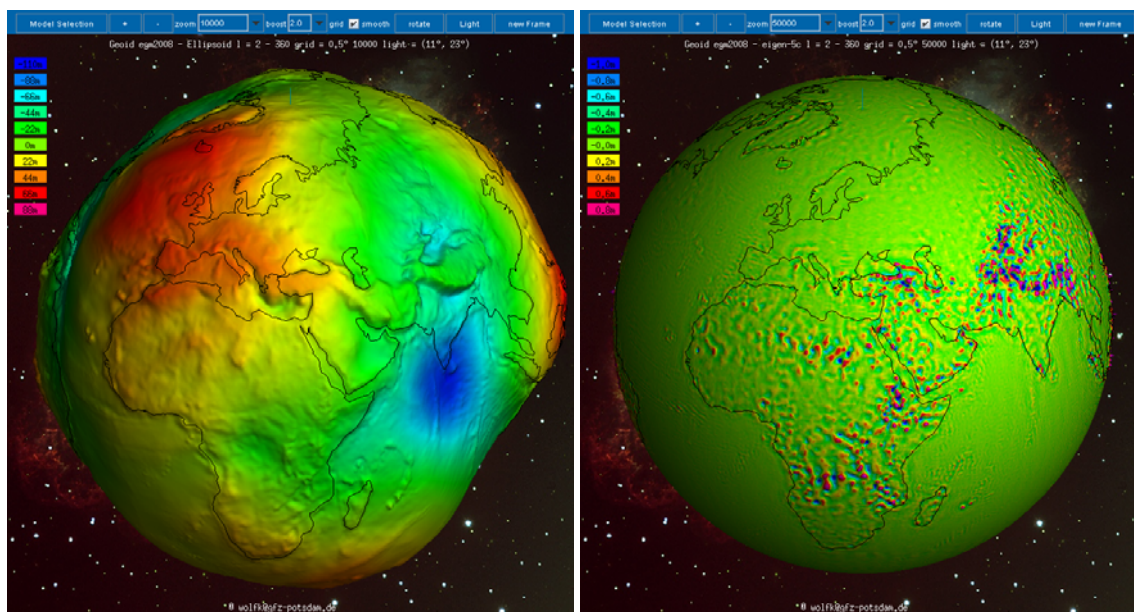


Fig. 1: Visualisation (geoid) of a global gravity field model and of differences of two models

The Calculation Service

A web-interface to calculate gravity functionals from the spherical harmonic models on freely selectable grids, with respect to a reference system of the user's choice, is provided. The following functionals are available:

- pseudo height anomaly on the ellipsoid (or at arbitrary height over the ellipsoid)
- height anomaly (on the Earth's surface as defined)
- geoid height (height anomaly plus spherical shell approximation of the topography)
- gravity disturbance
- gravity disturbance in spherical approximation (at arbitrary height over the ellipsoid)
- gravity anomaly (classical and modern definition)
- gravity anomaly (in spherical approximation, at arbitrary height over the ellipsoid)
- gravity on the Earth's surface (including the centrifugal acceleration)
- gravity on the ellipsoid (or at arbitrary height over the ellipsoid, without centrifugal acceleration)
- second derivative in spherical radius direction (at arbitrary height over the ellipsoid)
- equivalent water height (water column)

Filtering is possible by selecting the maximum degree of the used coefficients or the filter length of a Gaussian averaging filter. The models from dedicated time periods (e.g. coefficients of monthly solutions from GRACE) are also available after non-isotropic smoothing (decorrelation). The calculated grids (self-explanatory format) and corresponding plots (post-script) are available for download after a few seconds or a few minutes depending on the functional, the maximum degree and the number of grid points.

Figure 2 shows the input mask of the calculation service and figures 3 to 5 show examples of plots (of grids) generated by the calculation service.

model and reference selection	
refsys	WGS84
radiusrefpot	6378137.0
flatrefpot	298.257223563
gmrefpot	3.986004418d+14
omegarefpot	7.292115d-5
model directory	gfc-models
modelfile	egm2008
functional	height_anomaly_ell
tide_system	use unmodified model
zero_degree_term	yes

grid selection	
gridstep	0.075
longlimit_west	70
longlimit_east	110
latlimit_south	20
latlimit_north	50
height_over_ell	0

truncation	
max_used_degree	** max degree of model **
startgentlecut	** unused **

Gaussian filtering	
flength_definition	** unused **
filterlength_degree	5
filterlength_meter	556597

model to use	
start computation	show directory
get gridfile	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PS-file <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> illumination
get PS-file	reset defaults

psfile 'egm2008-6444.ps' computed successfully

Fig. 2: Input mask of the calculation service

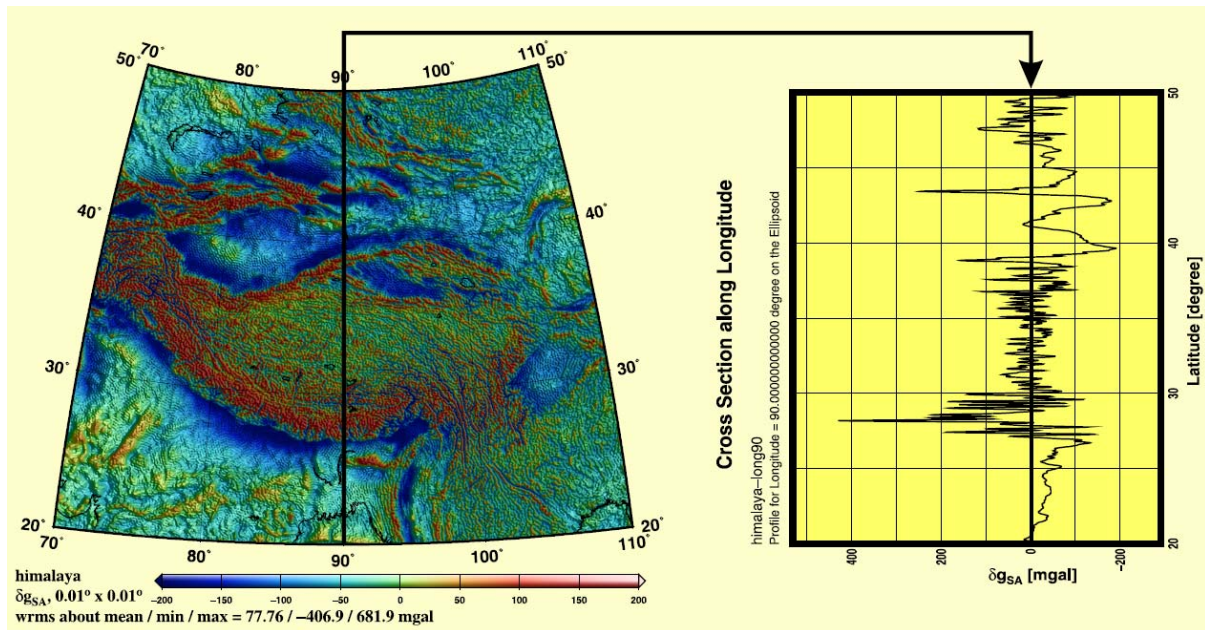


Fig. 3: Example of grid and plot generation by the calculation service: gravity disturbances of the Himalayan region and cross section along a defined longitude from the model EGM2008

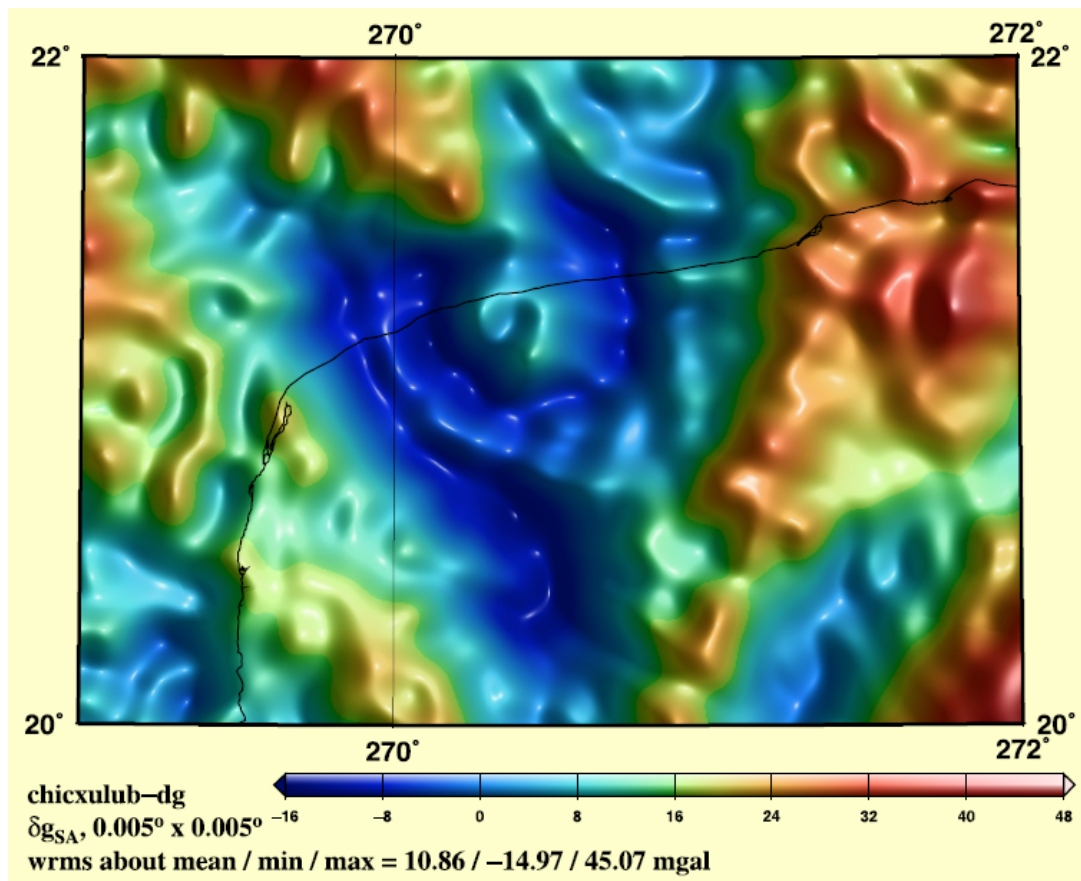


Fig. 4: Example of grid and plot generation by the calculation service: gravity disturbances of the Chicxulub crater region from the model EGM2008

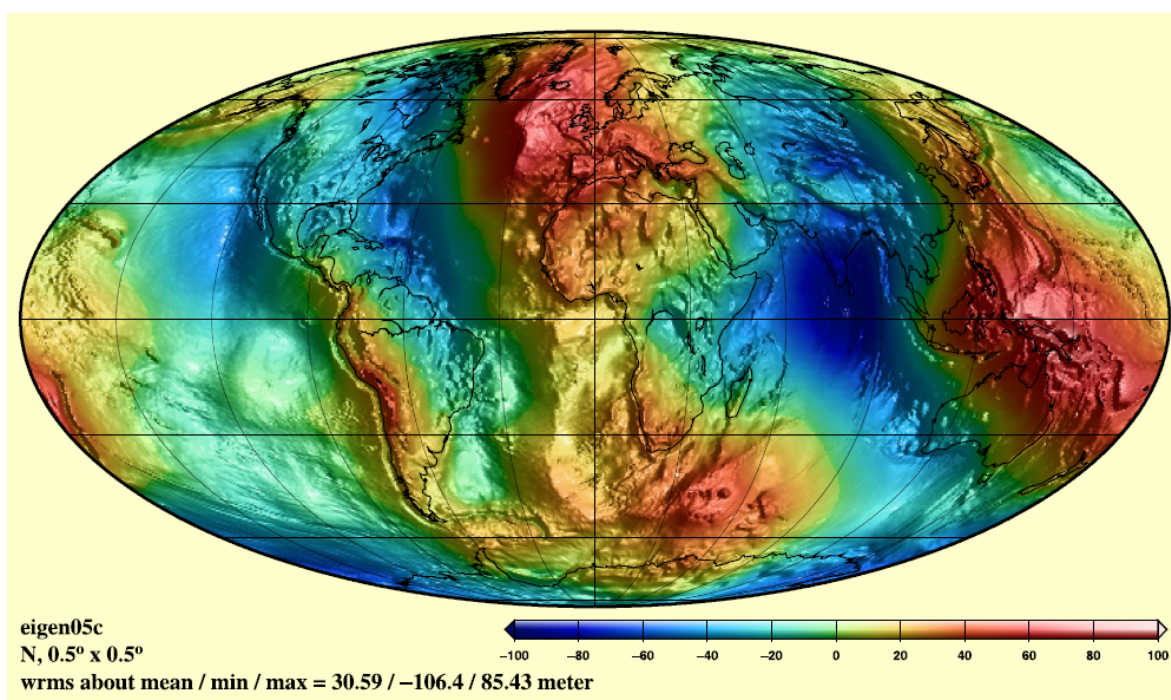


Fig. 5: Example of grid and plot generation by the calculation service: global geoid from the model EIGEN-5C

Evaluation

For a concise evaluation of the models, comparisons with GPS-levelling data and with the most recent combination model in the spectral domain are provided (see figures 6 and 7).

Model	Nmax	USA 6169 points	Canada 1930 points	Europe 1235 points	Australia 201 points
GGM03C	360	0.346 m	0.279 m	0.334 m	0.259 m
GGM03S-UPTO150	150	0.641 m	0.521 m	0.710 m	0.494 m
EIGEN-5C	360	0.341 m	0.251 m	0.303 m	0.244 m
AIUB-GRACE01S	120	0.724 m	0.628 m	0.930 m	0.563 m
EGM2008	2190	0.248 m	0.126 m	0.208 m	0.217 m
EIGEN-5S	150	0.630 m	0.547 m	0.737 m	0.475 m
ITG-GRACE03	180	0.633 m	0.557 m	0.658 m	0.603 m
AIUB-CHAMP01S	70	0.843 m	0.906 m	1.513 m	0.893 m
ITG-GRACE02S	170	0.623 m	0.511 m	0.639 m	0.489 m
EIGEN-GL04C	360	0.339 m	0.253 m	0.336 m	0.244 m
EIGEN-GL04S1	150	0.630 m	0.576 m	0.748 m	0.464 m
EIGEN-CG03C	360	0.346 m	0.306 m	0.355 m	0.260 m
GGM02C	200	0.473 m	0.378 m	0.515 m	0.376 m
GGM02S	160	0.977 m	1.116 m	1.416 m	1.356 m
EIGEN-CG01C	360	0.351 m	0.270 m	0.370 m	0.263 m
EIGEN-CHAMP03S	140	0.816 m	0.842 m	1.451 m	0.849 m
EIGEN-GRACE02S	150	0.739 m	0.643 m	0.828 m	0.538 m
TUM2S	60	0.864 m	0.963 m	1.639 m	1.101 m
DEOS_CHAMP-01C	70	0.813 m	0.887 m	1.499 m	0.886 m

Fig. 6: Table (truncated) of comparison of the models with GPS-levelling: Root mean square (rms) about mean of GPS / levelling minus gravity field model derived geoid heights [m]

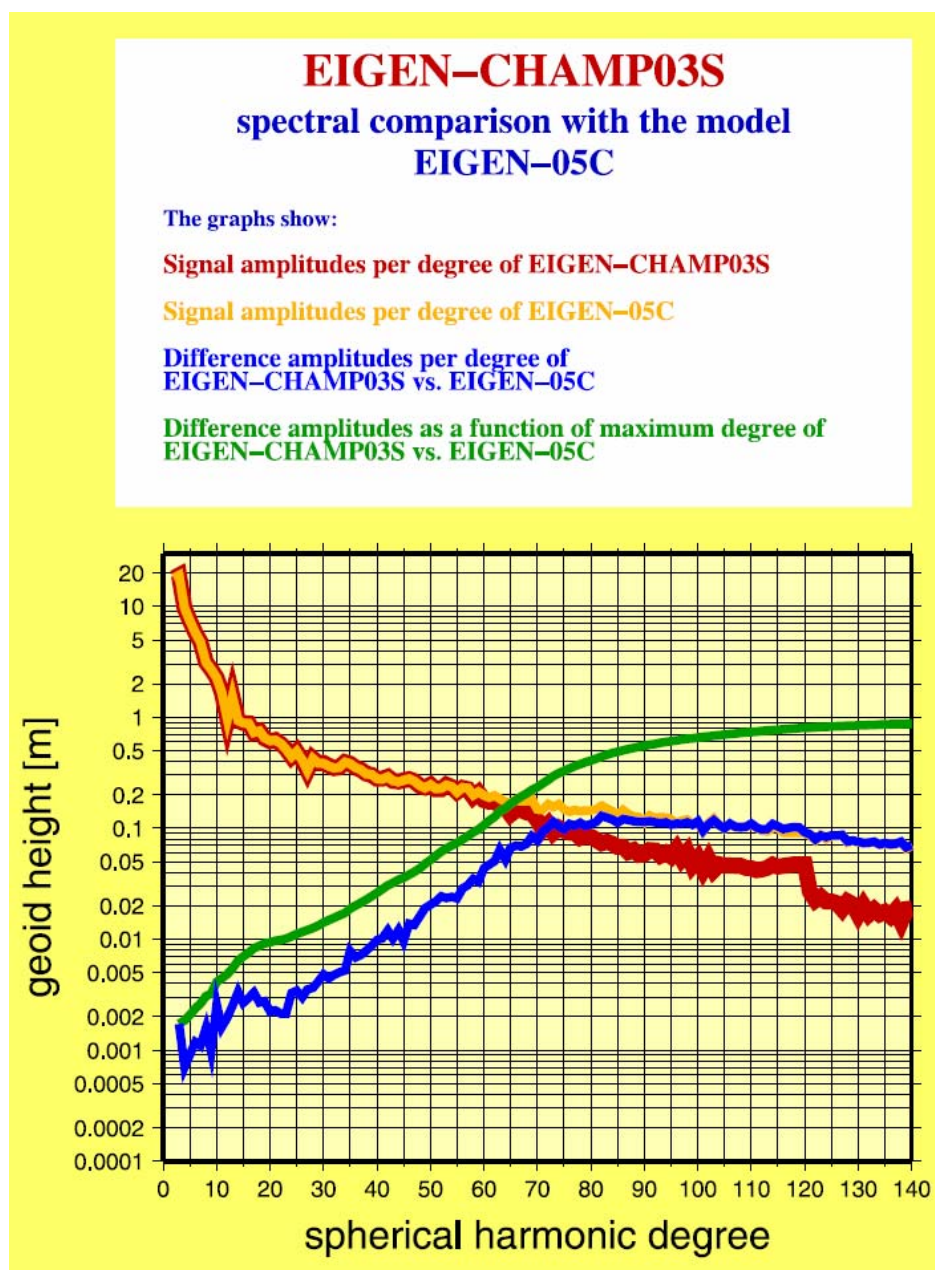


Fig. 7: Comparison of the models in the spectral domain (e.g.: EIGEN-CHAMP03S) with one of the most recent combination models (e.g. EIGEN-5C)

Main changes since 2006

For the calculation service the new software shm2func has been developed and installed in April 2007. Now it is possible to use the information of a digital terrain model. The topography model is used for two different purposes: (a) to calculate the exact coordinates on the Earth's surface for the height anomalies on the Earth's surface, the gravity disturbances and the modern gravity anomalies, and (b) to calculate the geoid undulations from pseudo height anomalies on the ellipsoid considering the topographical effect. For (a) bi-linear interpolation of the original ETOPO2-grid is used to calculate the positions as accurately as possible. For (b) the spherical harmonic expansion of the DTM2006 model is used which comes with EGM2008. The software was ready to calculate the Legendre functions up to degree and order higher than 2190, hence with the availability of EGM2008 (April 2008) the full service was offered for this model.

The report STR09/02 has been published where the theory and formulas of the calculation service are described.

The visualisation is now possible not only for geoid undulations but also for gravity anomalies. A new tool for the animated visualisation of monthly models has been installed.

The GPS/Levelling data (Button "Evaluation of the Models") are now compared with geoid heights instead of height anomalies.

The release-04 monthly solutions and the GRGS-10-day solutions are now also available after non-isotropic smoothing (decorrelation). For this purpose the mean model EIGEN-5C has been subtracted and to the difference the 3 different filters DDK1, DDK2, and DDK3 after Kusche et al (2009) have been applied. After filtering the mean model has been added back to ensure that they can be used in our calculation service to calculate the defined functionals.

All changes since October 2006 are recorded on the web site under the button "latest changes".

Publications

Kusche, J.; Schmidt, R.; Petrovic, S.; Rietbroek, R. (2009): Decorrelated GRACE time-variable gravity solutions by GFZ, and their validation using a hydrological model, Journal of Geodesy, DOI 10.1007/s00190-009-0308-3

Barthelmes, F. (2009): Definition of Functionals of the Geopotential and Their Calculation from Spherical Harmonic Models: Theory and formulas used by the calculation service of the International Centre for Global Earth Models (ICGEM), <http://icgem.gfz-potsdam.de>, Scientific Technical Report ; 09/02, Deutsches Geo-ForschungsZentrum GFZ.

Barthelmes, F.; Köhler, W.; Kusche, J. (2008): ICGEM The International Centre for Global Earth Models, Observing and Forecasting the Ocean GODAE Final Symposium (Nice, France 2008).

Barthelmes, F.; Köhler, W.; Kusche, J. (2007): ICGEM - The International Centre for Global Earth Models, General Assembly European Geosciences Union (EGU) (Vienna, Austria 2007).

Barthelmes, F.; Köhler (2006): ICGEM - The International Centre for Global Earth Models, General Assembly European Geosciences Union (EGU) (Vienna, Austria 2006).